



Critique • Post-Publication Review • Journal Editing • Research Methodology • Medical Education

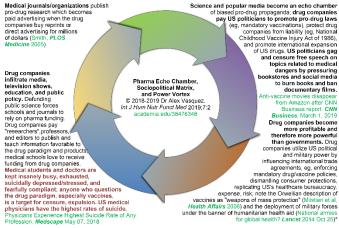
Educational Errors in "Effect of Vitamin D and Omega-3 Fatty Acid Supplementation on Kidney Function in Patients with Type 2 Diabetes" published in JAMA 2019

Alex Vasquez DO ND DC FACN

Context

Major medical journals publish bogus pro-drug and antinutrition research in order to 1) groom medical audiences for pharmaceutical purchases, 2) defend and please their pharmaceutical advertisers (who—in addition to spending hundreds of millions of dollars on advertisingcommonly purchase article reprints for millions of dollars/\$, euros/€, pounds/£¹), 3) maintain the financial and sociopolitical dominance of the medical profession, 4) deter the general public from seeking and using nonmedical treatments, and 5) misinform politicians and policymakers so that laws, public funds, policies, and research monies will be directed in favor of the medical profession, including medical schools (that produce generations of pharmaceutically indoctrinated and nutritionally illiterate clones) and drug researchers who use public funds to create privatized drugs that escalate profit of the pharmaceutical industry. While such has always been the inherent bias of the medical publishing industry, some of us noted a new wave of remarkable exacerbations of this bias including overt deceptions and ethical departures published in the biomedical research starting in 2018.^{2,3} The cyclicalreciprocal feeding of misinformation from medical journals and drug companies to medical students, physicians, policymakers, the media (e.g., television, magazines, and newspapers—all of which receive millions of \$/€/£ in drug company advertising) creates the pro-pharma "echo chamber" which—when repetition becomes consensus becomes practice becomes sales becomes profit for bribing politicians to write propharma laws forcing the population to receive mandatory drugs⁴—becomes the pro-pharma "power vortex" with each aspect reinforcing the other, ultimately leading to medical profiteering, political dominance, censorship of information, blockade of criticism, and restriction of free speech, including banning of books, blockade of documentary films, censorship of individuals, and aggressive and structured attacks against medical professionals to "destroy, neutralize, discredit" them.⁵

Headline-making newspapers, magazines, and television programs re-publish pro-drug information to the delight of their drug advertisers. Positive news about drugs and vaccines is headlined and featured, while actionable information about nutrition is unavailable or tainted with controversy. Medicine-positive television features "medical heroes" reinforcing medical authority, medical dependency, and the drugs-as-salvation paradigms. News stories highlighting fear of infectious diseases serve to maintain constant fear, medical dependency, and xenophobia (e.g. "Africanzed" bees, Zika, El Niño, Asian flu, Xenophobia: Ebola Sigma, Discrimination for Africans Associated with Disease. Time Magazine October 29, 2014) Many of these stories are revealed as lies after they have served their political purposes, PolitiFact named the anticked US resoonse to Ebola as the 2014 "Lie of the Year", Time Magazine Dec 15, 2014



<u>Illustration from</u>: Pharma Echo Chamber, Sociopolitical Matrix, and Power Vortex. *IJHNFM* 2019 <u>academia.edu/38476348</u> See also^{2,3}

Critique en breve

On November 8 of 2019, JAMA—Journal of the American Medical Association published "Effect of

Vitamin D and Omega-3 Fatty Acid Supplementation on Kidney Function in Patients With Type 2 Diabetes" (doi:10.1001/jama.2019.17380); this is yet another pathetic "nutrition study" which was so poorly designed and misrepresentative of the practice of clinical nutrition that it was sure to provide the desired "negative" results for *JAMA* 's medical audience and the resulting headlining news distributed to millions of professionals, policymakers, and patients. As a matter of course, the story was rapidly echoed by pro-pharma *Medscape* (and numerous other medial magazines) in the expected uniformed and adolescent commentary. My initial critiques of this publication are as follows

- 1. Authors and Editors failed integrate previous data: In order for science to advance and avoid repeating the same errors and misappropriated effort (i.e., repeatedly recreating the wheel in the age of air and space travel), research authors and journal editors have the responsibility to competently maintain awareness of the current state of the art so that research and publications reflect advancement in the field. Clearly in the case of this publication, neither the authors nor the editors represented the current state of the art in nutritional management the conditions discussed herein.⁷ The numerous nutritional interventions previously shown to provide positive benefit for this condition were ignored in this publication to support what appears to have been the predetermined conclusion and goal.
- 2. Nobody really thinks this would work: This investigation was mostly a wild goose chase, a strawman fallacy. No Naturopathic or Clinical Nutrition student would intervene in such a complex condition as diabetes with pending renal insufficiency by solely using underdosed fish oil and underdosed vitamin D; as such this intervention represents clinical incompetence more so than the competent clinical practice of Nutrition and any of its related variants (e.g., Functional Medicine, Naturopathic Medicine, Functional Inflammology, etc).
- 3. The investigators used inadequate doses of both nutrients in order to ensure failure of the intervention: The authors used <50% of the proper dose of vitamin D for healthy patients ^{8,9}, let alone a proper dose for diabetic patients which is more commonly in the range of 10,000 IU per day. ^{10,11} The authors used 44% of the proper dose of EPA+DHA; obviously, under-dosing the treatments is expected to lead to lackluster results and *much ado about nothing*.
- 4. The investigators intentionally hid the identity of the placebo so that readers would not know what really happened: The authors failed to provide the identity of the "placebo" so that doctors and policymakers would not know that they used olive oil as the placebo in order to undercut the perception of

- any clinical benefit; olive oil is one of the most potent antiinflammatory and cardioprotective oils known to biomedical science. Using olive oil as a "placebo" is inappropriate in an intervention testing the efficacy of a cardioprotective and renoprotective intervention.
- 5. This study does not represent the modern practice of Clinical Nutrition: Half-baked ideas presented as reasonable intervention are still half-baked ideas; this study is inappropriate in its design, implementation, and reporting. This study does nothing to inform the practice of Medicine, and—in fact by misrepresenting a flawed study as a legitimate study—this publication simply misleads healthcare professionals, policymakers, and the general public.
- 6. As expected, this low-quality research was repeated throughout the pro-pharma echo chamber: The inaccurate summary of this meaningless publication resounded via various promedical and pro-drug websites internationally. The commentary published by *Medscape* concluded, "This was a high quality trial that tells us that we don't need to focus our energies here [on using vitamin D and fish oil]. Only a novice or ignoramus would consider this "a high quality [sic] trial" and describing it as such does more than mislead the reader about this particular topic but also by extension about the very nature of clinical research, ethics, and investigational study design.

"A red herring is something that misleads or distracts from a relevant or important question. It may be either a logical fallacy or a literary device that leads readers or audiences toward a false conclusion." from Wikipedia

Conclusion

This publication "Effect of Vitamin D and Omega-3 Fatty Acid Supplementation on Kidney Function in Patients with Type 2 Diabetes" published in JAMA 2019 is a disservice to physicians, policymakers, and patients and should be retracted from the biomedical record. This investigation intentionally underdosed both interventions, withheld the identity of the placebo, and attempted to apply these interventions in an inappropriate manner that was unlikely to benefit patients and was nearly ensured to produce negative results which would then be inappropriately generalized in news and other media outlets; as such this publication is a red herring—a piece of information which is or is intended to be misleading or distracting. Journal editors and trial authors should consult with legitimate nutrition experts prior to the design and publication of research outside their scope of training, knowledge, and experience.

Citations:

- Smith R. Medical journals are an extension of the marketing arm of pharmaceutical companies. PLoS Med 2005 May;2(5):e138 https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pmed.0020138
- Vasquez A, Pizzorno J. Concerns About the Integrity of The Scientific Research Process-Focus on Recent Negative Publications Regarding Nutrition, Multivitamins, Fish Oil And Cardiovascular Disease. *Integr Med* (Encinitas). 2019 Feb;18(1):8-15 https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC6601430/ Archived by author (Vasquez) at https://www.academia.edu/39907759
- Vasquez A. Vitamins Against Viruses: Implausible Pro-Vaccine Publications Contrasted Against Ignored Public Health Campaigns and Double-Blind Placebo-Controlled Clinical Trials. *Journal of Orthomolecular Medicine* 2019 https://isom.ca/article/vitamins-against-viruses Archived by author at https://isom.ca/article/vitamins-against-viruses Archived by author at https://www.academia.edu/39406350
- 4. "Critics of Senate Bill 277, which would eliminate the personal belief and religious exemptions for schoolchildren, accuse the measure's supporters in the Legislature of doing the bidding of donors who make vaccines and other pharmaceuticals. ... Receiving more than \$95,000, the top recipient of industry campaign cash is Sen. Richard Pan, a Sacramento Democrat and doctor who is carrying the vaccine bill. In addition, the industry donated more than \$500,000 to outside campaign spending groups that helped elect some current members last year. Leading pharmaceutical companies also spent nearly \$3 million more during the 2013-2014 legislative session lobbying the Legislature, the governor, the state pharmacists' board and other agencies, according to state filings." Miller J. Drug companies donated millions to California lawmakers before vaccine debate. Sacramento Bee 2015 Jun https://www.sacbee.com/news/politics-government/capitol-alert/article24913978.html
- 5. "Merck made a "hit list" of doctors who criticized Vioxx, according to testimony in a Vioxx class action case in Australia. The list, emailed between Merck employees, contained doctors' names with the labels "neutralise," "neutralised" or "discredit" next to them. According to The Australian, Merck emails from 1999 showed company execs complaining about doctors who disliked using Vioxx. One email said: We may need to seek them out and destroy them where they live..." Edwards J. Merck Created Hit List to "Destroy," "Neutralize" or "Discredit" Dissenting Doctors. 2009 May https://www.cbsnews.com/news/merck-created-hit-list-to-destroy-neutralize-or-discredit-dissenting-doctors
- 6. Wilson FP. The Charlie Brown of Supplements Strikes Out Again. medscape.com/viewarticle/920520 2019 November 13
- Vasquez A. <u>Textbook of Clinical Nutrition and Functional Medicine (Inflammation Mastery)</u>. International College of Human Nutrition and Functional Medicine. Barcelona, 2016 https://www.inflammationmastery.com/book-nutrition-functional-medicine
- 8. Vasquez A, Manso G, Cannell J. The clinical importance of vitamin D (cholecalciferol): a paradigm shift with implications for all healthcare providers. *Altern Ther Health Med.* 2004 Sep-Oct;10(5):28-36 https://www.academia.edu/18078062
- Vasquez A, Cannell J. Calcium and vitamin D in preventing fractures: data are not sufficient to show inefficacy. BMJ. 2005 Jul 9;331(7508):108-9 https://www.academia.edu/40429791
- Vasquez A. How to Understand, Refute, and Plan Studies Using Vitamin D. Int J Hum Nutr Funct Med 2017 https://www.academia.edu/31412957
- Kimball SM, Mirhosseini N, Holick MF. Evaluation of vitamin D3 intakes up to 15,000 international units/day and serum 25-hydroxyvitamin D concentrations up to 300 nmol/L on calcium metabolism in a community setting. *Dermatoendocrinol* 2017 Apr 13:9(1):e1300213. doi: 10.1080/19381980.2017.1300213

About the author and presenter: Alex Kennerly Vasquez DO ND DC (USA), Fellow of the American College of Nutrition (FACN), Overseas Fellow of the Royal Society of Medicine: An award-winning clinician-scholar and founding Program Director of the world's first fully-accredited university-based graduate program in Human Nutrition and Functional Medicine, Dr Alex Vasquez is recognized internationally for his high intellectual and academic standards and for his expertise spanning and interconnecting many topics in medicine and nutrition. Dr Vasquez holds three doctoral degrees as a graduate of University of Western States (Doctor of Chiropractic, 1996), Bastyr University (Doctor of Naturopathic Medicine, 1999), and University of North Texas Health Science Center, Texas College of Osteopathic Medicine (Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine, 2010). Dr Vasquez has completed hundreds of hours of post-graduate and continuing education in subjects including Obstetrics, Pediatrics, Basic and Advanced Disaster Life Support, Nutrition and Functional Medicine; while in the final year of medical school, Dr Vasquez completed a Pre-Doctoral Research Fellowship in Complementary and Alternative Medicine Research hosted by the US National Institutes of Health (NIH). Dr Vasquez is the author of many textbooks, including Integrative Orthopedics (2004, 2007 2012), Functional Medicine Rheumatology (Third Edition, 2014), Musculoskeletal Pain: Expanded Clinical Strategies (commissioned and published by Institute for Functional Medicine, 2008), Chiropractic and Naturopathic Mastery of Common Clinical Disorders (2009), Integrative Medicine and Functional Medicine for Chronic Hypertension (2011), Brain Inflammation in Migraine and Fibromyalgia (2016), Mitochondrial Nutrition and Endoplasmic Reticulum Stress in Primary Care, 2nd Edition (2014), Antiviral Strategies and Immune Nutrition (2014), Mastering mTOR (2015), Autism, Dysbiosis, and the Gut-Brain Axis (2017) and the 1200-page Inflammation Mastery 4th Edition (2016) also published as a two-volume set titled Textbook of Clinical Nutrition and Functional Medicine. "DrV" has also written approximately 100 letters and articles for professional magazines and medical journals such as TheLancet.com, British Medical Journal (BMJ), Annals of Pharmacotherapy, Nutritional Perspectives, Journal of Manipulative and Physiological Therapeutics (JMPT), Journal of the American Medical Association (JAMA), Original Internist, Integrative Medicine, Holistic Primary Care, Alternative Therapies in Health and Medicine, Journal of the American Osteopathic Association (JAOA), Dynamic Chiropractic, Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, Current Asthma and Allergy Reports, Complementary Therapies in Clinical Practice, Nature Reviews Rheumatology, Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, and Arthritis & Rheumatism, the Official Journal of the American College of Rheumatology. Dr Vasquez lectures internationally to healthcare professionals and has a consulting practice and service for doctors and patients. DrV has served as a consultant, product designer, writer and lecturer for Biotics Research Corporation since 2004. Having served on the Review Boards for Journal of Pain Research, Autoimmune Diseases, PLOS One, Alternative Therapies in Health and Medicine, Neuropeptides, International Journal of Clinical Medicine, Journal of Inflammation Research, BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine (all PubMed/Medline indexed), Integrated Blood Pressure Control, Journal of Biological Physics and Chemistry, and Journal of Naturopathic Medicine and as the founding Editor of Naturopathy Digest, Dr Vasquez is currently the Editor (2013-) of International Journal of Human Nutrition and Functional Medicine and Editor (2018-present) of Journal of Orthomolecular Medicine, published for more than 50 consecutive years by the International Society for Orthomolecular Medicine.

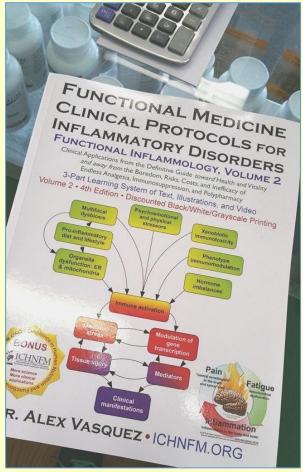


International Journal of Human Nutrition and Functional Medicine is a peer-reviewed evidence-based clinically-oriented publication produced quarterly with periodic special releases in print and/or digital formats (per author request/permission and Editor judgment), available as pay-per-issue, free/open access, or as a membership benefit (included or discounted), in English and/or other languages. As the title of the journal indicates, the focus of the journal is human nutrition (i.e., we publish only human-referent information, not animal studies; however, we will publish translational summaries of new animal research) and functional medicine, a broad clinical and conceptual discipline that seeks to protect, restore, and optimize human health by appreciating human physiology's systems biology construct and thus the necessity of addressing the totality of factors that influence health and disease outcomes in the psyche and soma of individual patients as well as the social corpus of local and international groups of persons. The journal is dynamic and adaptive; updated information about the journal is available on-line at the website ICHNFM.ORG/journal. Statement of Social **Responsibility**: Due to the recent mis-use of science and the misuse of prominent positions to mis-direct public opinion away from science and logic, ICHNFM has found necessity in forming a statement of social responsibility. ICHNFM requires—starting in 2015—that educational materials be socially contextualized with a humanistic emphasis; humanism is a philosophical and ethical stance that emphasizes the value and agency of human beings, individually and collectively, and requires critical thinking and evidence (rationalism, empiricism). In direct opposition to any notion that science and intellectual work are and should be separate from the goal of benefiting human life (ie, financial profiteering, or political misuse of science), we affirm that work in the sciences, healthcare, and medicine should hold preeminent the goal of providing benefit to humanity at large and not private or political interests, in particular what we have defined as the goals of healthcare: physical health and psychosocial freedom, both of which are required for the optimization of human potential and human culture. Likewise, faculty members and teaching staff are required to model beneficence, nonmaleficence, ethics, and justice; repeated violations of these ethical considerations will result first in conversation and if not resolved will result in termination of any working relationship because ICHNFM will maintain its ethics and integrity and will not be tainted by affiliation with faculty or presenters who are socially reckless or maleficent, regardless of the scale or medium (ie, including private emails and public/social conversations and comments). ICHNFM will maintain the highest standards of science, clinical applicability, ethics, and social effect/influence/beneficence.

Notable publications in 2014—1 Lab Fraud in Functional Medicine, 2 ISIFMC Position on HPS2-THRIVE; 3 Unified Antiviral Strategy, 4 Metabolic Correction: www.ichnfm.org/journal

Journal title, ISSN:	International Journal of Human Nutrition and Functional Medicine		
	ISSN: 2378-4881		
Abbreviation:	Int J Hum Nutr Funct Med		
Websites:	IntJHumNutrFunctMed.org moved to www.ICHNFM.ORG/journal		
Facebook.com	https://www.facebook.com/IJHNFM and https://www.facebook.com/ICHNFM		
Editor-in-Chief	Alex Vasquez DC ND DO FACN		
Inaugural Review	Sergio Abanades MS MD PhD, Michael Gonzalez MS MHSN DSc PhD FACN, Ryan		
Staff —see website	Bradley ND MPH, Jill Carnahan MD, Deanna Minich PhD FACN, David H Haase MD,		
for updated list of	Jorge R Miranda-Massari DrPh, Tim Jackson DPT CNS, Dorothy D Zeviar EdD LAc		
reviewers	MPH CPH, Kenneth Cintron MD, Annette D'Armata NMD, Tariq Shafi MD, Joseph		
	Iaccino DC MS, Nick Karapasas DC, Jerry Bailey DC MS, Ismael Samudio PhD, Pedro		
	Bastos MA MS (PhD candidate at Lund University, Sweden), Maelan Fontes MS (PhD		
	candidate at Lund University, Sweden), Terri Ward CPA, MS, Sayer Ji BA, Julie Jean		
	BS BSN RN, Thomas Easley, Mathieu Bouchard		

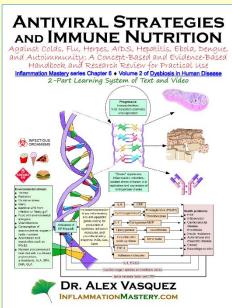
Now available from ICHNFM (discount on the paper/print version: http://www.ichnfm.org/im4), Amazon's Kindle, and Barnes and Noble's Nook

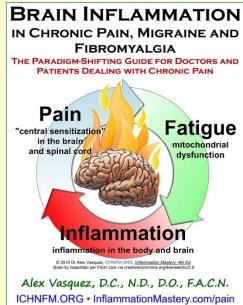


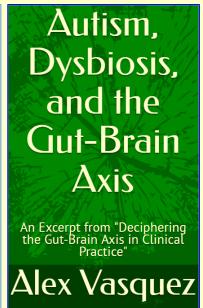


Print discount: http://www.ichnfm.org/im4

Amazon Kindle software is free for computer, iPad, smartphone: https://www.barnesandnoble.com/w/inflammation-mastery-4th-edition-alex-vasquez/1123259586?ean=9780990620464







All books available from amazon.com/author/alexvasquez





Please review the Supplemental Files folder to review documents not compiled in the PDF.

Letter re: ASCEND Study: N Engl J Med 2018 Aug 26 doi:10.1056/NEJMoa1804989

Journal:	New England Journal of Medicine
Manuscript ID	Draft
Article Type:	Letter about NEJM Article
Date Submitted by the Author:	n/a
Complete List of Authors:	Vasquez, Alex; ICHNFM
Abstract:	

SCHOLARONE™ Manuscripts 27

ASCEND showed no advantage of 1,000 mg/d marine n3 fatty acids against equally-dosed naturally occurring olive oil. Olive oil apparently reduces cardiovascular and total mortality1, while oleic acid shows direct vascular antiinflammatory, atheroprotective, and antidiabetic benefits.2 A six-week trial among overweight subjects reported that olive oil 2 g/d was more effective than equidosed fish oil for reducing fasting glucose, HgAlc, hsCRP, and IL6.3 A sixmonth trial among rheumatic patinets showed that 6 g/d of olive oil provided analgesic and antiinflammatory benefits, leading the authors to conclude, "Olive oil can no longer confidently be used as a placebo control."4 Using olive oil as a comparator against other antiinflammatory treatments diminishes the therapeutic differential and apparent benefit for both substances; this results in a type-2 error and underappreciation of therapeutics' effectiveness. 10% of ASCEND subjects were taking n3 supplementation at baseline, with corresponding omega-3 indexes of 6.6% and 7.1%, remarkably higher than the average 4% typical of Western societies.5 Pretreatment plus high baseline status would reduce the clinical response to intervention with n3 and olive oil supplementation.

20 [1] Hu FB. The Mediterranean diet and mortality—olive oil and beyond. N Engl J Med. 2003 Jun 26;348(26):2595-6

21 [2] Palomer X, Pizarro-Delgado J, Barroso E, Vázquez-Carrera M. Palmitic and Oleic Acid: The Yin and Yang of Fatty Acids in Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus. Trends Endocrinol Metab. 2018 Mar;29(3):178-190. doi: 10.1016/j.tem.2017.11.009

22 [3] Gammelmark A, Madsen T, Varming K, et al. Low-dose fish oil supplementation increases serum adiponectin without affecting inflammatory markers in overweight 23 subjects. Nutr Res. 2012 Jan;32(1):15-23. doi: 10.1016/j.nutres.2011.12.007

24 [4] Brzeski M, Madhok R, Capell HA. Evening primrose oil in patients with rheumatoid arthritis and side-effects of non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs. Br J Rheumatol. 1991 Oct;30(5):370-2

25 [5] Stark KD, Van Elswyk ME, Higgins MR, Weatherford CA, Salem N Jr. Global survey of the omega-3 fatty acids, docosahexaenoic acid and eicosapentaenoic acid 26 in the blood stream of healthy adults. Prog Lipid Res. 2016 Jul;63:132-52. doi: 10.1016/j.plipres.2016.05.001

28 On Mon, Dec 3, 2018 at 10:48 PM NEJM Letter wrote:

29 Dear Dr. Vasquez,

30 I am sorry that we will not be able to publish your recent letter to the editor regarding the Armitage article of 18-Oct-2018. The space available for correspondence is 31 very limited, and we must use our judgment to present a representative selection of the material received. Many worthwhile communications must be declined for lack 32 of space. Thank you for your interest in the Journal. O POLICE

33 Sincerely, 34 -- G. -- M.D. 35 Deputy Editor

36 New England Journal of Medicine 37 10 Shattuck Street

38 Boston, MA 02115

39 (617) 734-9800 Fax: (617) 739-9864 40 nejm.org

41

From: Dr Alex (Kennerly) Vasquez ICHNFM 42 Date: Wed, Dec 12, 2018 at 1:37 PM

43 Subject: Re: New England Journal of Medicine 18-12067

45 Not surprising, considering that Medical Journals Are an Extension of the Marketing Arm of Pharmaceutical Companies, per PLoS Med 2(5): e138. 46 https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pmed.0020138

Problems with your published article include the following:

48 1. Under-dosed fish oil: described below

49 2. Inappropriate placebo: The ASCEND study used an inappropriate placebo against underdosed fish oil, ultimately to pave the way for greater acceptance of the 50 late-year launch of "purified prescription fish oil"...how convenient: AHA: Prescription Fish Oil Wins for CV Prevention, November 10, 2018 https://www.medpagetoday.com/meetingcoverage/aha/76252

51 3. Bad research in support of a new pharmaceutical drug launch: per above

52 4. Supervision of the trial authors by the drug company paying the authors: what a joke of an article

53 5. Complete failure to disclose conflicts of interest among the authors in the published paper.

6. Plenty of space: NEJM clearly has 250 words of space to publish these concerns, so only an imbecile would think that the journal "does not have space" to publish 54 my critique. The original article had approximately 6,970 words (per computerized count) so that 250 words in a letter such as mine is less than 4% of the original 55 article.

To see an accurate review of your garbage research, please see my video review: https://vimeo.com/287650812

58 Sincerely.

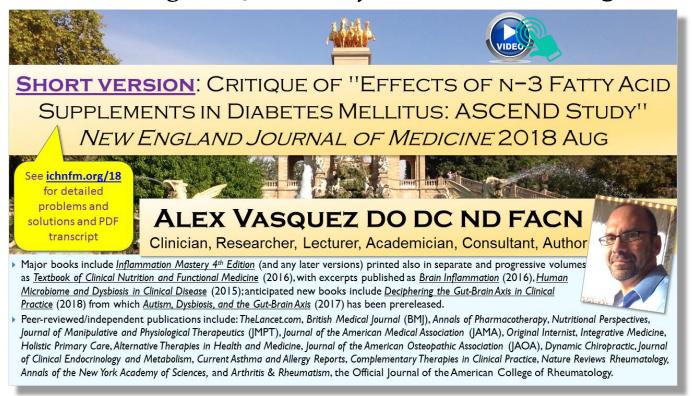
56

57

60

59 Dr Alex (Kennerly) Vasquez

Brief Critique of "Effects of n3 Fatty Acid Supplements in Diabetes Mellitus: ASCEND Study" New England Journal of Medicine 2018 Aug



The video of this presentation is archived at ichnfm.org/18, and the transcript in PDF format—which is considered the final and citable version—is archived at academia.edu/37326521; any corrections or updates will be made to the PDF file. The video contains citations which are not replicated in the PDF document; both the video and the PDF transcript should be reviewed for a complete representation of the information. This version was updated on September 2, 2018.

<u>Introduction</u>: Hello everyone. This is Dr. Alex Vasquez with the short version of my "Critique of the Effects of Omega 3 Fatty Acids Supplements in Diabetes" recently published as the Ascend Study in the *New England Journal of Medicine*, 2018 August. If you'd like to see the longer and more detailed version of this review, please see ichnfm.org/18 for my videos from 2018.

This was not a placebo-controlled study: This is a randomized and *supposedly* "placebo-controlled" trial of 15,000 subjects. The intervention included either omega-3 fatty acids or olive oil—so this was *not a placebo-controlled study*. This was a *comparison* of relatively low-dose EPA and DHA against low-dose olive oil—so again, this is <u>not</u> a placebo-controlled study.

This study used <u>two</u> active interventions. One was fish oil and the other was olive oil, both of which are notably anti-inflammatory and cardioprotective. As such, the conclusion from this study that fish oil does not benefit diabetic patients is completely invalid. Furthermore, neither of the two active treatments were independently tested for their components and both of the treatments were provided by a drug company that has a financial interest in the failure of these treatments.

The drug company, Mylan, specifically paid 19 of the authors, oversaw the study design and supervised its paid consultants at key meetings, provided the treatment and the active comparator, neither of which again were independently tested, and also makes the main competing drug in this category of cardioprotection, in this case the statin drug, simvastatin.

Dr Vasquez's Research Review

Today's main article being reviewed

Problems with this publication

Noting the pattern of bogus research

What can be

What clinicians should do

Critique of "Effects of n-3 Fatty Acid Supplements in Diabetes Mellitus: ASCEND Study" New England Journal of Medicine 2018 Aug

Olive oil is not a placebo but is clinically active in humans, starting with low doses: biological mechanisms

- Mechanisms of action and biological plausibility: Squalene is also worthy of consideration
- Oleic acid: May be described as a "conditionally essential nutrient"; component of cell membranes and thus modifies inflammatory mediator production and transmembrane signaling; directly cardiovascular-protective; "interferes directly with the inflammatory response that characterizes early atherogenesis... decreases the expression of several endothelial leukocyte adhesion molecules, among which vascular cell adhesion molecule-I, involved in the selective monocyte recruitment in the arterial intima. Oleic acid also determines a parallel reduction in messenger RNA for this molecule, interfering with the activation of the most important transcription factor controlling endothelial activation, nuclear factor-kappa B. ... oleic acid may contribute to the prevention of atherosclerosis also through a modulation of gene expression for endothelial leukocyte adhesion molecules" per Massaro et al, Cardiologia 1999 Jun
- Phytochemicals/polyphenols: Ibuprofen-like antiinflammatory activity; notably potent antioxidant and antiinflammatory activity; "antidiabetic effect" per reduction of glycosylated proteins such as HgbAIc and normalization of fasting glucose even at low doses; inhibition of HER2 (erbB-2)-induced malignant transformation (breast cancer); neuroprotective; modulation of gut microbiota is notably relevant for T2DM.

For additional context, clinical applications, and disease-specific as well as general protocols, see <u>Inflammation Mastery 4th Edition</u> ichnfm.org/im4 and/or the two-volume set <u>Textbook of Human Nutrition and Functional Medicine</u> from <u>amazon.com/author/alexvasquez</u>

ALEX VASQUEZ DO ND DC FACN



Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine (DO— UNTHSC, USA)

Doctor of Naturopathic Medicine (ND—Bastyr University USA)

Doctor of Chiropractic (DC—Western States, USA)

Overseas Fellow, Royal Society of Medicine

Fellow, American College of Nutrition

Author of Inflammation

ICHNFM.ORG/im4

This trial is invalidated by the use of an active treatment erroneously described as "placebo." It may be randomized, but it is *not* placebo-controlled.

They started this study in 2005 and at that time they already knew that olive oil was cardioprotective. In fact, that had been published in *The New England Journal of Medicine* in 2003, two years prior to the start of this study. Their claim that they used olive oil as a placebo is completely absurd because olive oil is well known to have anti-inflammatory and cardioprotective benefits, and more specifically, olive oil is known to be one of the most health-promoting and heart-protecting dietary components available.

The cardioprotective benefits of olive oil have been suggested in the research since the 1950s, were more established by 1986 in a key study, and have since been validated clinically and mechanistically.

In my more than 20 years of looking at biomedical research I have never seen a drug company so well entrenched within a study design including supervising key meetings and paying 19 of the authors. In the text of the article the authors describe themselves as "independent investigators" despite the fact that 19 of them received payment from various drug companies intimately involved with the study.

Furthermore, again, the drug company provided both the active treatment and its comparator. Authors were paid by the drug companies, but **these conflicts of interest were not published in the article**, products were not independently tested. The Omega-3 index was tested in 152 subjects; this is less than 1% of the study population, and I found that to be rather weak.

I also noted that their baseline Omega-3 index was abnormally high and their response to the Omega-3 supplementation was also abnormally high considering that they used only one-half of the typically effective dose.

Now let's take a quick look at some examples from the disclosure forms. Again, these were not printed in the article, but they are, of course, highly relevant considering that 19 of the authors were paid by drug companies including Bayer on four different occasions, also Solvay Pharmaceuticals, Abbott Pharmaceuticals and Mylan Pharmaceuticals.

You'll see that this pattern was recurrent among 19 of the authors of this study, and perhaps even more impressive is the fact that this was not published in the article. One has to go to *The New England Journal of Medicine* website to find this documentation.

What can be done about this is that we all have to become better critical thinkers and careful readers so that we can spot these gross errors in biomedical research publications.

What clinicians should do is to continue using fish oil supplements generally at a dose of 1900 milligrams per day if the goal is to optimize the Omega-3 Index to approximately 10%.

Thank you very much for looking at this brief presentation. If you'd like to see the full version, please go to ichnfm.org/18. Those are the videos I've produced in 2018, and what you'll see there is the complete video as well as a pdf transcript.

<u>Citation</u>: Vasquez A. Critique of "Effects of n3 Fatty Acid Supplements in Diabetes Mellitus: ASCEND Study" New England Journal of Medicine 2018 Aug: Video presentation (<u>ichnfm.org/18</u>) and official transcript (<u>academia.edu/37326521</u>) Date of this revision: September 2, 2018

About the author: Dr Vasquez holds three doctoral degrees and has completed hundreds of hours of post-graduate and continuing education in subjects including Obstetrics, Pediatrics, Basic and Advanced Disaster Life Support, Nutrition and Functional Medicine; while in the final year of medical school, Dr Vasquez completed a Pre-Doctoral Research Fellowship in Complementary and Alternative Medicine Research hosted by the US National Institutes of Health (NIH). Dr Vasquez is the author of many textbooks, including the 1200-page Inflammation Mastery, 4th Edition. (2016) also published (by popular student request) as a two-volume set titled Textbook of Clinical Nutrition and Functional Medicine. "DrV" has also written approximately 100 letters and articles for professional magazines and medical journals such as TheLancet.com, British Medical Journal (BMJ), Annals of Pharmacotherapy, Nutritional Perspectives, Journal of Manipulative and Physiological Therapeutics (JMPT), Journal of the American Medical Association (JAMA), Original Internist, Integrative Medicine, Holistic Primary Care, Alternative Therapies in Health and Medicine, Journal of the American Osteopathic Association (JAOA), Dynamic Chiropractic, Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, Current Asthma and Allergy Reports, Complementary Therapies in Clinical Practice, Nature Reviews Rheumatology, Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, and Arthritis & Rheumatism, the Official Journal of the American College of Rheumatology. Dr Vasquez lectures internationally to healthcare professionals and has a consulting practice and service for doctors and patients. Having served on the Review Boards for Journal of Pain Research, Autoimmune Diseases, PLOS One, Alternative Therapies in Health and Medicine, Neuropeptides, International Journal of Clinical Medicine, Journal of Inflammation Research (all PubMed/Medline indexed), Integrated Blood Pressure Control, Journal of Biological Physics and Chemistry, and Journal of Naturopathic Medicine and as the founding Editor of Naturopathy Digest, Dr Vasquez is currently the Editor of International Journal of Human Nutrition and Functional Medicine and the Director for International Conference on Human Nutrition and Functional Medicine. Dr Vasquez has also served as a consultant researcher and lecturer for Biotics Research Corporation.

Contextualizing resource—same information in different formats and contexts:

- Inflammation Mastery, 4th Edition https://www.amazon.com/dp/B01KMZZLAQ/ and
- <u>Textbook of Clinical Nutrition and Functional Medicine, vol. 1: Essential Knowledge for Safe Action and Effective Treatment https://www.amazon.com/dp/B01JDIOHR6/</u>



See video at http://www.ichnfm.org/18



Introductory videos:

- Video introduction to books: http://www.ichnfm.org/18 and other videos: http://www.ichnfm.org/18
- Conference presentation—introducing the clinical protocol: http://www.ichnfm.org/video-funct-inflam-1

Persistent inadequacies in nutrition education/training among physicians

<u>Introduction</u>: Despite the acknowledged importance of diet in the prevention of obesity, diabetes, hypertension and other components of cardiometabolic syndrome/disease, physicians are consistently and systematically untrained in nutrition. A few exemplary citations are summarized per the following:

- What do resident physicians know about nutrition? (*J Am Coll Nutr* 2008 Apr²⁹): "OBJECTIVE: Despite the increased emphasis on obesity and diet-related diseases, nutrition education remains lacking in many internal medicine training programs. We evaluated the attitudes, self-perceived proficiency, and knowledge related to clinical nutrition among a cohort of internal medicine interns. METHODS: Nutrition attitudes and self-perceived proficiency were measured using previously validated questionnaires. Knowledge was assessed with a multiple-choice quiz. ... RESULTS: Of the 114 participants, 61 (54%) completed the survey. Although 77% agreed that nutrition assessment should be included in routine primary care visits, and 94% agreed that it was their obligation to discuss nutrition with patients, only 14% felt physicians were adequately trained to provide nutrition counseling. ... CONCLUSIONS: Internal medicine interns' perceive nutrition counseling as a priority, but lack the confidence and knowledge to effectively provide adequate nutrition education." These are impressive results showing that internal medicine doctors—specialists who commonly deal with diabetes, hypertension, obesity, and metabolic syndrome—do not have competence in nutrition, even by weak and basic standards.
- Relevance of clinical nutrition education and role models to the practice of medicine (Eur J Clin Nutr. 1999
 May³⁰): "Yet, despite the prevalence of nutritional disorders in clinical medicine and increasing scientific evidence on the significance of dietary modification to disease prevention, present day practitioners of medicine are typically untrained in the relationship of diet to health and disease."
- How much do gastroenterology fellows know about nutrition? (*J Clin Gastroenterol*. 2009 Jul³¹): "The mean total test score was 50.04%. ...CONCLUSIONS: Gastroenterology fellows think their knowledge of nutrition is suboptimal; objective evaluation of nutrition knowledge in this cohort confirmed this belief. A formal component of nutrition education could be developed in
 Dumbing Us Down: The Hidden

In sum: The data consistently demonstrate that healthcare providers at the doctorate level are untrained in nutrition when assessed by rather simple standards; their knowledge of functional nutrition at the level of clinical intervention in the treatment of serious disease would reasonably be expected to be approximately zero. Thus, given that doctors are trained neither in musculoskeletal management (despite the fact that all patients have musculoskeletal systems and that related disorders represent no less than 20% of general practice) nor nutrition (despite the fact that all patients eat food and that such dietary habits (and/or the use of nutritional interventions) impact nearly all known diseases in the known universe), one might wonder as to the cause and perpetuation of this *systematically imposed ignorance* on such topics of major importance. Consistent faults in medical education are not accidental.

education as necessary."

the context of GI fellowship education and continuing medical

Dumbing Us Down: The Hidden Curriculum of Educational Systems

"Look again at the seven lessons of school teaching: confusion, class position, indifference, emotional and intellectual dependency, conditional self-esteem, and surveillance. All of these lessons are prime training for permanent underclasses, people deprived forever of finding the center of their own special genius."

Such a curriculum produces physical, moral, and intellectual paralysis, and no curriculum of content will be sufficient to reverse its hideous effects. ... Schools teach exactly what they are intended to teach and they do it well."

Gatto JT. <u>Dumbing Us Down: The Hidden Curriculum of Compulsory Schooling</u>, p. 16

Adverse effects of nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), COX-2 inhibitors (coxibs)

<u>Introduction</u>: Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) have many common and serious adverse effects, including the promotion of joint destruction. Paradoxically, these drugs *cause* or *exacerbate* the very symptoms and disease they are supposed to treat: joint pain and destruction. In a tragic exemplification of Orwellian newspeak³²,

© ICHNFM.ORG

INFLAMMATION MASTERY & FUNCTIONAL INFLAMMOLOGY

249

Excerpt from <u>Inflammation Mastery</u>, 4th <u>Edition</u> with author's permission; see video at <u>ichnfm.org/im4</u>

²⁹ Vetter et al. What do resident physicians know about nutrition? An evaluation of attitudes, self-perceived proficiency and knowledge. J Am Coll Nutr. 2008 Apr;27(2):287-98

³⁰ Halsted CH. The relevance of clinical nutrition education and role models to the practice of medicine. Eur J Clin Nutr. 1999 May;53 Suppl 2:S29-34

³¹ Raman M, Violato C, Coderre S. How much do gastroenterology fellows know about nutrition? *J Clin Gastroenterol*. 2009 Jul;43(6):559-64

32 Orwell G. <u>1984</u>. Harcourt Brace Jovanovich: 1949. "Newspeak" is defined by the Merriam-Webster Dictionary (m-w.com) as "propagandistic language marked by euphemism, circumlocution, and the inversion of customary meanings" and as "a language designed to diminish the range of thought," in the novel <u>1984</u> (1949) by George Orwell.

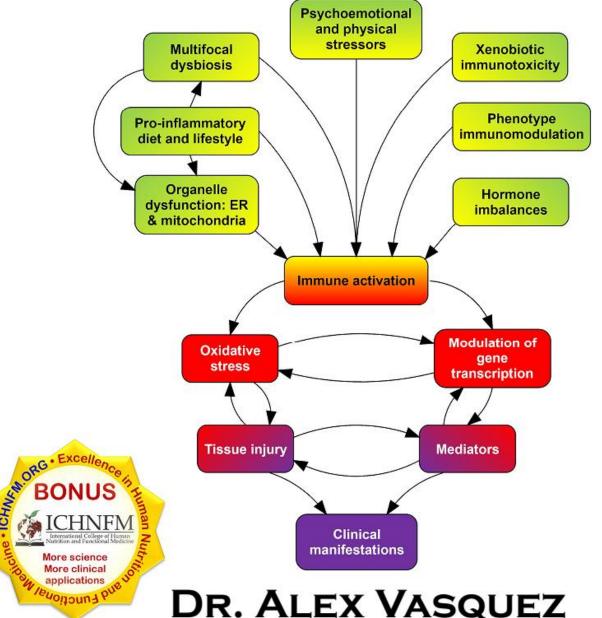
INFLAMMATION MASTERY

4TH EDITION

CLINICAL NUTRITION, FUNCTIONAL MEDICINE, MITOCHONDRIAL DYSFUNCTION, MICROBIOME & DYSBIOSIS, FUNCTIONAL INFLAMMOLOGY, PAIN MANAGEMENT, INTEGRATIVE RHEUMATOLOGY, NUTRITIONAL IMMUNOMODULATION, IMMUNONUTRITION & ANTIVIRAL STRATEGIES

The Colorful and Definitive Guide Toward Health and Vitality and away from the Boredom, Risks, Costs, and Inefficacy of Endless Analgesia, Immunosuppression, and Polypharmacy

3-Part Learning System of Text, Illustrations, and Video





DR. ALEX VASQUEZ

ICHNFM.ORG

As of 2019 and for the foreseeable future, the most current versions of all major patient management and clinical treatment protocols are published in Inflammation Mastery, 4th Edition as a single volume of 1,182 pages available in full-color print at discounted pricing directly from ICHNFM from https://www.ichnfm.org/im4, while the formats are available via several different platforms, including Amazon's Kindle (free) software, Barnes and Noble's Nook, Apple iBook, etc as hyperlinked below. Per popular request by students who were studying (as a required textbook) only one section at a time, "IM4" was also published in two easier-tocarry separate volumes under the name Textbook of Clinical Nutrition and Functional Medicine, which contain chapters 1-4 (pages 1-712+index) and 5 (713-1154+index), respectively. Video access is included with *IM4* and *TCNFM*, *1*+2.

Availability in print and digital formats (examples):

- https://www.ichnfm.org/im4
- https://www.amazon.com/Inflammation-Mastery-4th-Immunosuppression-Polypharmacyebook/dp/B01KMZZLAQ
- https://books.apple.com/us/author/alexvasquez/id1139497284
- https://www.barnesandnoble.com/w/inflammationmastery-4th-edition-alexvasquez/1123259586?ean=9780990620464

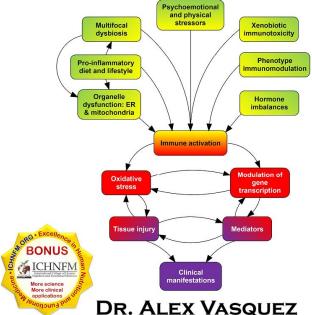
INFLAMMATION MASTERY

4TH EDITION

CLINICAL NUTRITION, FUNCTIONAL MEDICINE, MITOCHONDRIAL DYSFUNCTION, MICROBIOME & DYSBIOSIS, FUNCTIONAL INFLAMMOLOGY, PAIN MANAGEMENT, INTEGRATIVE RHEUMATOLOGY, NUTRITIONAL IMMUNOMODULATION, IMMUNONUTRITION & ANTIVIRAL STRATEGIES

The Colorful and Definitive Guide Toward Health and Vitality and away from the Boredom, Risks, Costs, and Inefficacy of Endless Analgesia, Immunosuppression, and Polypharmacy

3-Part Learning System of Text, Illustrations, and Video



ICHNFM.ORG

INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE OF HUMAN NUTRITION AND FUNCTIONAL MEDICINE

TEXTBOOK OF CLINICAL NUTRITION AND FUNCTIONAL MEDICINE, VOL. 1

ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE FOR SAFE ACTION AND EFFECTIVE TREATMENT INFLAMMATION MASTERY & FUNCTIONAL INFLAMMOLOGY, VOLUME 1 The Colorful and Definitive Guide toward Health and Vitality and away from the Boredom, Risks, Costs, and Inefficacy of Endless Analgesia, Immunosuppression, and Polypharmacy

3-Part Learning System of Text, Illustrations, and Video 4th Edition, 2016 • Beautiful Full-Color Printing



TEXTBOOK OF CLINICAL NUTRITION AND FUNCTIONAL MEDICINE, VOL. 2

PROTOCOLS FOR COMMON INFLAMMATORY DISORDERS

INFLAMMATION MASTERY & FUNCTIONAL INFLAMMOLOGY, VOLUME 2 Clinical Applications from the Colorful and Definitive Guide toward Health and Vitality and away from the Boredom, Risks, Costs, and Inefficacy of Endless Analgesia, Immunosuppression, and Polypharmacy

3-Part Learning System of Text, Illustrations, and Video 4th Edition, 2016 . Beautiful Full-Color Printing



DR. ALEX VASQUEZ • ICHNFM.ORG

C	hapter and Introdi	ıction		Page	
Preamble: download free ebook sample https://www.amazon.com/dp/B01KMZZLAQ				i	
1.	1. Patient Assessments, Laboratory Interpretation, Clinical Concepts, Patient Management, Practice				
2.	 Management and Risk Reduction: This chapter introduces/reviews/updates patient assessments, laboratory interpretation, musculoskeletal emergencies, healthcare paradigms; the common and important conditions hemochromatosis and hypothyroidism are also included in this chapter since these need to be considered on a frequent basis in clinical practice Wellness Promotion & Re-Establishing the Foundation for Health: Reviewed here are diet, lifestyle, 				
		–given the pervasiveness of persistent organic pollutants and their increasingly recognized clinication to environmental medicine	cal		
3.	Basic Concepts and Therapeutics in (Nondrug) Musculoskeletal Care and Integrative Pain				
 Management: Nonpharmacologic management of musculoskeletal problems is preferred over pharmacologic (e.g., NSAID, Coxib, steroid, opioid) management because of the collateral benefits, safety, and cost-effectiveness associated with manual, dietary, botanical, and nutritional treatments. A brief discussion of the current crisis in musculoskeletal medicine is provided for contextualization and emphasis of the importance of expanding clinicians' knowledge of effective nondrug treatments The Major Modifiable Factors in Sustained Inflammation: Major components of the "Functional Inflammology" 					
	Protocol" are reviewed he	ere, from concepts and molecular biology to an emphasis on practical clinical applications Food & Basic Nutrition	307		
	2)	Infections: Dysbiosis* / Viral**	396 /		
	* <u>´</u> rt title am ** <mark>Ant</mark> Au t	his section specific to bacterial dysbiosis was also published separately as a clinical monograph and Human Microbiome and Dysbiosis in Clinical Disease (Discounted Black and White Printing, azon.com/dp/1512360295) and full-color printing amazon.com/dp/0990620417 This section specific to viral infections is also published separately in full-color paper printing as tiviral Strategies and Immune Nutrition: Against Colds, Flu, Herpes, AIDS, Hepatitis, Ebola, and toimmunity amazon.com/dp/1502894890 and digital ebook Antiviral Nutrition azon.com/dp/8000PDQG4W	540		
	3)	Nutritional Immunomodulation	609		
	4)	Dysmetabolism, Mitochondrial Dysfunction, ERS/UPR, mTOR	622		
	5)	Special Considerations: Sleep, Sociopsychology, Stress, Surgery	674		
	6)	Endocrine Imbalances	688		
	7)	Xenobiotic Immunotoxicity	699		
5.	Clinical Applicatio			713	
		Hypertension	727		
	2)	Diabetes Mellitus	819		
	3)	Migraine & Headaches*	863		
	Rev <u>Mi</u> g	Fibromyalgia* nese two sections specific to migraine and fibromyalgia were also published separately as Pain volution (full-color printing; amazon.com/dp/B01AR3NXOS) and Brain Inflammation in Chronic Pain, graine and Fibromyalgia (black-and-white printing; amazon.com/dp/B01EQ9KMH6/); both versions available in digital ebook formats for reading on phone, computer, iPad via free Kindle software	901		
	5)	Allergic Inflammation	984		
	6)	Rheumatoid Arthritis	1019		
	7)	Psoriasis and Psoriatic Arthritis	1038		
	8)	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus	1053		
	9)	Scleroderma & Systemic Sclerosis	1074		
	10)	Vasculitic Diseases	1094		
	11)	Spondyloarthropathies & Reactive Arthritis	1108		
	12)	Sjögren Syndrome/Disease	1119		
	13)	Raynaud's Syndrome/Phenomenon/Disorder	1127		
_	14)	Clinical Notes on Additional Conditions: Behçet's Disease, Sarcoidosis, Dermatomyositis and Polymyositis	1131		

Index & Appendix 1154



THE PATH AHEAD

Concerns About The Integrity of The Scientific Research Process—Focus On Recent Negative Publications Regarding Nutrition, Multivitamins, Fish Oil And Cardiovascular Disease



Alex Vasquez, DC, ND, DO; Joseph Pizzorno, ND, Editor in Chief

Abstract

The next step in reestablishing credibility seems to us honesty and recognizing we all share a common goal of the health and wellness of the human community and the planet. Everyone agrees that the current healthcare system, despite its many incredible successes, is also showing its limitations and is no longer sustainable. We believe the solution starts with us the researchers and editors. A good first step might be formally recognizing the errors and showing how we can and *intend* to get better.

Evidence-based medicine—by definition—requires objective, reliable and accurate research and reviews from which to make the best decisions in patient care and public policy. The causes of inaccurate information, ranging from presumably innocent mistakes all the way to apparently intentional fraud, affect all scientific and biomedical disciplines. While these accidental and intentional errors can derail our understanding of diseases and impact tens of thousands of affected patients, such inaccuracies in the

field of nutrition c worldwide.² While a specific disease human populatio nutrition research particularly conte nutrition research healthcare profess nutrition. Clinical vast majority of a medical training p are obviously in gastroenterology⁷ training in clini proclaims itself at or potentially hazardous) and then such research is used politically and in the media to disparage, restrict and regulate practitoners and nutrition supplement industry¹² to the detriment of human health.

Several factors disrupting the integrity of nutrition research are commonly found in studies published by "elite" universities in "top-tier" journals, which are then republished and distributed as "headlining news" in

ent policy and ons of people. examples of lications, lists sed solutions. pendent upon stigative and s of clinical rovements are ignorance in

PDF articles: Full-text archives of the author's articles are available per the following:

- https://ichnfm.academia.edu/AlexVasquez
- https://www.ichnfm.org/public
- VIDEO: BRIEF Critique of "Effects of n-3 Fatty Acid Supplements in Diabetes Mellitus: ASCEND Study" https://vimeo.com/287650812
- VIDEO: Bad Science in Medical Nutrition: Politics of Fish Oil https://vimeo.com/314997927

including the entire territory of clinical nutrition.¹⁰ A major and serious problem arises when unskilled and invalid research is published by authors (including nonphysician journalists¹¹) in major journals which mischaracterizes the validity of nutrition interventions (e.g., essentially always concluding that nutritional interventions are inefficacious

examples of questionable or inaccurate publications related to nutrition. Perceived shortcomings are documented with both citations here and links to more detailed and authoritative reviews and video presentations. In some instances, speculations regarding the cause and consequences of identified errors are provided.

tion

eview recent

JOURNAL OF ORTHOMOLECULAR MEDICINE



Editorial

Misrepresentations of Clinical Nutrition in Mainstream Medical Media: Growing Importance of Legitimate Expertise in Independent Peer-Reviewed Publications - Part 1

2018 As a Milestone in the Post-Truth Era

Among the various topics that have either interested or fascinated me throughout my youth and well into my adult years, Nutrition has certainly reigned supreme. My personal routine has been to read as much as reasonably and practically possible on the topic, while not doing so to the exclusion of other topics in biomedicine, psychosociology and philosophy. Thus, with roughly 30 years of experience in reading books and primary research in the field of Nutrition, I could not help but notice the radical departures that occurred in 2018 from the previous norms to which I had grown accustomed.

Of course, 2018 was not the first year during which "bad research" was published in mainstream medical journals and then replicated throughout the echo chamber of mass media; one could observe this periodically occurring throughout the past 50 years, starting not at least with the demonization of dietary cholesterol and the glorification of processed foods, especially refined grains and so-called vegetable oils. But in 2018 what many of us observed was

not simply poorly performed research but, in s es, radical departures from any attempt to predescriptions that could be considered "reasor previous standard.1 Especially related to the trition, mainstream medical journals and the which parrots their conclusions have begun overt misrepresentations of Nutrition with regard for science, logic, biomedical history and

One has to be aware of a few key ironies terize mainstream medical discussions of nutri that 1) medical physicians receive essentially in clinical nutrition in their graduate school ein their post-graduate residency training², 2) sicians and organizations publish "research' commentaries (both of which commonly cond

tritional interventions are inefficacious or unsafe), despite their lack of formal education on the topic, and then 3) mainstream medical voices consistently call for "regulating the nutrition supplement industry" despite their lack of training on the topic and because of negative conclusions based on their own poorly conducted research and self-serving conclusions. As such, not only are the map-makers blind, but they mislead their blind followers, and then both groups promote themselves as expert cartographers and guides when advising the public on an area that none of them have studied or understood. We should have no surprise whatsoever when the "medical community" publishes poorly conducted and self-serving "research" on the topic of nutrition, to reach their desired conclusion that nutrition is unsafe and inefficacious, and that the profitable market needs to be managed of course by the selfsame "medical community" that is never received a decent 15 minutes on the topic of therapeutic nutrition. Pervasive and persistent ignorance on the topic of nutrition among medical physicians must be understood as intentional and strategic, because otherwise this problem would have been solved 30 years ago when it was first discussed during what was called at the time the "golden age of nutrition." The easiest way to manipulate people and to keep them in a perpetual state of confusion, ineffectiveness, and dependency is to

es, radical departures from any attempt to predescriptions that could be considered "reasor available per the following:

PDF articles: Full-text archives of the author's articles are available per the following:

- https://ichnfm.academia.edu/AlexVasquez
- https://www.ichnfm.org/public
- VIDEO: BRIEF Critique of "Effects of n-3 Fatty Acid Supplements in Diabetes Mellitus: ASCEND Study" https://vimeo.com/287650812
- VIDEO: Bad Science in Medical Nutrition: Politics of Fish Oil https://vimeo.com/314997927

when pondering the probable future of intellectual integrity and the products of education.

PERSPECTIVES

Mitochondrial Medicine Arrives to Prime Time in Clinical Care: Nutritional Biochemistry and Mitochondrial Hyperpermeability ("Leaky Mitochondria") Meet Disease Pathogenesis and Clinical Interventions

Alex Vasquez, DC, ND, DO, FACN

Alex Vasquez, DC, ND, DO, FACN, is director of programs at the International College of Human Nutrition and Functional Medicine in Barcelona, Spain and online at ICHNFM.org. (*Altern Ther Health Med.* 2014;20(suppl 1):26-30.)

Corresponding author: Alex Vasquez, DC, ND, DO, FACN E-mail address: avasquez@ichnfm.org

MITOCHONDRIAL MEDICINE ARRIVES TO GENERAL PRACTICE AND ROUTINE PATIENT CARE

Mitochondrial disorders were once relegated to "orphan" status as topics for small paragraphs in pathology textbooks and the hospital-based practices of subspecialists. With the increasing appreciation of the high frequency and ease of treatment of mitochondrial dysfunction, this common cause and consequence of many conditions seen in both primary and specialty care deserves the attention of all practicing clinicians.

We all know that mitochondria are the intracellular organelles responsible for the production of the currency of cellular energy in the form of the molecule adenosine triphosphate (ATP); by this time, contemporary clinicians should be developing an awareness of the other roles that mitochondria play in (patho)physiology and clinical practice. Beyond being simple organelles that make ATP mitochondria

play clini inflammatic disease such disorders su stated durin Nutrition an September 1

PDF articles: Full-text archives of the author's articles are available:

- https://ichnfm.academia.edu/AlexVasquez
- https://www.inflammationmastery.com/reprints
- https://www.ichnfm.org/public

mitochond

considered on a routine basis in clinical practice. *Mitochondrial medicine* is no longer an orphan topic, nor is it a superfluous consideration relegated to boutique practices. Mitochondrial medicine is ready for prime time—now—both in the general practice of primary care as well as in specialty and subspecialty medicine. What I describe here as the "new" mitochondrial medicine is the application of assessments and treatments to routine clinical practice primarily for the treatment of secondary/acquired forms of mitochondrial impairment that contribute to common conditions such as fatigue, depression, fibromyalgia, diabetes mellitus, hypertension, neuropsychiatric and neurodegenerative conditions, and other inflammatory and dysmetabolic conditions such as allergy and autoimmunity.

BEYOND BIOCHEMISTRY

Structure and function are of course intimately related and must be appreciated before clinical implications can be understood and interventions thereafter applied with practical precision. The 4 main structures and spaces of the mitochondria are (1) intramitochondrial matrix—the innermost/interior aspect of the mitochondria containing various proteins, enzymes of the Krebs cycle, and mitochondrial DNA; (2) inner membrane—the largely impermeable lipid-rich convoluted/invaginated membrane that envelopes and defines the matrix and which is the structural home of many enzymes, transport systems, and important structures such as cardiolipin and the electron

ce—contains kinase and omparatively n) and—like h active and that need to to appreciate the highest

mitochondrial dysfunction to clinical diseases must be importance; just as we have come to appreciate the

JOURNAL OF ORTHOMOLECULAR MEDICINE



VOLUME 33, NUMBER 6

PUBLISHED: DECEMBER 2018

Editorial

Orthomolecular Medicine, Catalytic Creativity, and the Psychosocial Ecosystem

Transitioning From One Year to the Next

Various cultures since time immemorial have marked and celebrated the winter solstice with celebrations, meals with friends and family, and time away from work; transitioning from one calendar year to the next has given people pause and a moment to reflect on the events that happened in the past year and what might be anticipated in the next. Reflection with anticipation along with the realization that the future is somewhat malleable inclines people to imagine how the future might be shaped by the exertion of some modicum of creativity and effort. Any realistic conception of how we might improve the near future must segue from our recent past; we must have an awareness of what is going on around us as we look toward the future to visualize ourselves living within it and also acting upon it. What is going on in the world and how might I act upon that trend and flow in order to improve both its transition and its destination? What should each of us do on a personal level to (in the words of Mahatma Gandhi) be, embody, and materialize the change(s) that we want to see in the world?

Salutation and Introduction From the Journal's New Editor

Over the past few years I have reflected on several occasions how much I enjoy editing, and so I was correspondingly surprised and pleased when I was offered the opportunity to be the next Editor for the Journal of Orthomolecular Medicine. I began studying nutrition and orthomolecular concepts

school in the early 199 trition" book that I read Your Nerves (1975) by this was followed imm tures of Jonathan V Wr of whom would later b University. By the mid-Jeffrey Bland PhD had tional medicine, which

PDF articles: Full-text archives of the author's articles are available per the following:

- https://ichnfm.academia.edu/AlexVasquez
- https://www.inflammationmastery.com/reprints
- https://www.ichnfm.org/public

and personal³ reasons. By this time my own personal library contained several hundred books, mostly dedicated to nutrition and health with another large section on philosophy and psychology. In 1994, I joined the Review Staff of the Journal of Naturopathic Medicine, and I started publishing nutrition articles, perhaps most of which might be seen as practice in preparation of an important letter published in 1996 by the American College of Rheumatology in their journal Arthritis and Rheumatism. Since those early years and during the course of three doctorate degrees and teaching thousands of students/attendees internationally, I have reviewed for4 and published in⁵ a wide range of refereed journals in addition to publishing commissioned books, chapters, and independent publications and videos. Being an author and reviewer for many different publications—along with my experiences teaching internationally, treating patients in various settings, designing and directing academic programs, and producing educational videos-has given me a wide range of experiences and insights that I hope to bring to the benefit of the Journal of Orthomolecular Medicine.

We Must Work Together if We Are Going to Succeed

I have to start this conversation with a few hopes, assumptions, and beliefs, namely that you (the reader) and I (the author and new Editor) have a few things in common. On a professional level, by virtue of the fact that you are reading this essay, I will assume that you are interested or actively engaged in healthcare, medicine, nutrition, research and/or public health. I might also imagine that some smaller percentage of our new and established readers are perhaps less inclined toward the mechanisms and more drawn to the Journal of Orthomolecular Medicine for its potential humanin my teen years and more diligently as Lentered graduate, istic insights and social contributions; we can reasonably

competent healthcare ate nutrition) are basic mit a counterargument of my assertions, they more to the point, my dless of personal poshare some common the following:

 we each want to receive and deliver the best healthcare possible: If we have a problem, then we each want the best possible solution. Efficiency of time or money is not the top priority when we are seeking solutions



6801 Biotics Research Drive Rosenberg, TX 77471 Toll Free: 1-800-231-5777 www.bioticsresearch.com

CME

CONTINUING MEDICAL EDUCATION

THE CLINICAL IMPORTANCE OF VITAMIN D (CHOLECALCIFEROL): A PARADIGM SHIFT WITH IMPLICATIONS FOR ALL HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS

Alex Vasquez, DC, ND, Gilbert Manso, MD, John Cannell, MD

Alex Vasquez, DC, ND is a licensed naturopathic physician in Washington and Oregon, and licensed chiropractic doctor in Texas, where he maintains a private practice and is a member of the Research Team at Biotics Research Corporation. He is a former Adjunct Professor of Orthopedics and Rheumatology for the Naturopathic Medicine Program at Bastyr University. Gilbert Manso, MD, is a medical doctor practicing integrative medicine in Houston, Texas. In prac-

tice for more than 35 years, he is Board Certified in Family Practice and is Associate Professor of Family Medicine at University of Texas Medical School in Houston. John Cannell, MD, is a medical physician practicing in Atascadero, California, and is president of the Vitamin D Council (Cholecalciferol-Council.com), a non-profit, tax-exempt organization working to promote awareness of the manifold adverse effects of vitamin D deficiency.

therapeutic applications available for cholecalciferol, which can be

classified as both a vitamin and a pro-hormone. Additionally, we

also now realize that the Food and Nutrition Board's previously defined Upper Limit (UL) for safe intake at 2,000 IU/day was set

far too low and that the physiologic requirement for vitamin D in

adults may be as high as 5,000 IU/day, which is less than half of

the >10,000 IU that can be produced endogenously with full-body

sun exposure.^{1,2} With the discovery of vitamin D receptors in tis-

sues other than the gut and bone—especially the brain, breast, prostate, and lymphocytes—and the recent research suggesting

hile we are all familiar with the important

role of vitamin D in calcium absorption and

bone metabolism, many doctors and

patients are not aware of the recent research

on vitamin D and the widening range of

InnoVision Communications is accredited by the Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education to provide continuing medical education for physicians. The learner should study the article and its figures or tables, if any, then complete the self-evaluation at the end of the activity. The activity and self-evaluation are expected to take a maximum of 2 hours.

OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of this article, participants should be able to do the following:

- 1. Appreciate and identify the manifold clinical presentations and consequences of vitamin D deficiency
- Identify patient groups that are predisposed to vitamin D
 hypersensitivity
- 3. Know how to imple proper doses and with

PDF articles: Full-text archives of the author's articles are available:

- https://ichnfm.academia.edu/AlexVasquez
- https://www.inflammationmastery.com/reprints
- https://www.ichnfm.org/public
- See new article posted here https://www.ichnfm.org/d

Reprint requests: InnoVision Communica phone, (760) 633-3910 or (866) 828-296 innerdoorway.com. Or visit our online Cl -therapies.com and selecting the Continua